# **BILL NO. 1 OF 2025**

# **A BILL**

# FOR AN ACT TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE REPUBLIC OF FIJI

Short title and commencement

- 1.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Constitution (Amendment) Act 2025.
- (2) This Act comes into force on a date appointed by the Minister by notice in the Gazette.

Section 159 amended

- 2. Section 159(2) of the Constitution is amended by—
  - (a) in subsection (2)(b), deleting "; or" and substituting "."; and
  - (b) deleting paragraph (c).

Section 160 amended

- 3. Section 160 of the Constitution is amended by—
  - (a) in subsection (2)(b), deleting "three-quarters" and substituting "two-thirds"; and
  - (b) deleting subsections (3) to (6).

Office of the Attorney-General Suvavou House Suva

March 2025

# **CONSTITUTION (AMENDMENT) BILL 2025**

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Bill and is intended only to indicate its general effect)

#### 1.0 BACKGROUND

- 1.1 The Constitution of the Republic of Fiji (**'Constitution'**) was promulgated in and came into force on, 7 September 2013.
- 1.2 Section 159 of the Constitution provides for the amendment of the Constitution, which can only be done by virtue of the procedure described under Chapter 11 of the Constitution.
- 1.3 Section 160 of the Constitution prescribes the procedure for an amendment of the Constitution which *inter alia* requires the support of at least three-quarters of the members of Parliament at the second and third reading of a Bill to amend.
- 1.4 It further prescribes that should a Bill to amend the Constitution succeed at Parliament, a referendum must then be conducted. If the outcome of the referendum is that three-quarters of the total number of registered voters have voted in favour of the Bill to amend the Constitution, the President must then assent the Bill to enable such amendment.
- 1.5 The Constitution (Amendment) Bill 2025 (**'Bill'**) therefore seeks to amend the Constitution to allow for a feasible approach to amending the Constitution currently stated under section 160 of the Constitution. This would allow provisions to be updated and more so, a refinement of provisions that require public scrutiny and vote.
- 1.6 The Bill also seeks the removal of the requirement for a referendum in the Constitution which is consistent with historical practice and precedent.

#### 2.0 CLAUSES

2.1 Clause 1 of the Bill provides the short title and commencement. If passed by Parliament, the Act will come into force on a date appointed by the Minister by notice in the Gazette.

- Clause 2 of the Bill amends section 159(2) of the Constitution by deleting punctuation and the word "or" and paragraph (c).
- 2.3 Clause 3 of the Bill amends section 160 of the Constitution to remove reference to a referendum.

### 3.0 MINISTERIAL RESPONSIBILITY

3.1 The Act comes under the responsibility of the Prime Minister.

G. E. LEUNG Attorney-General